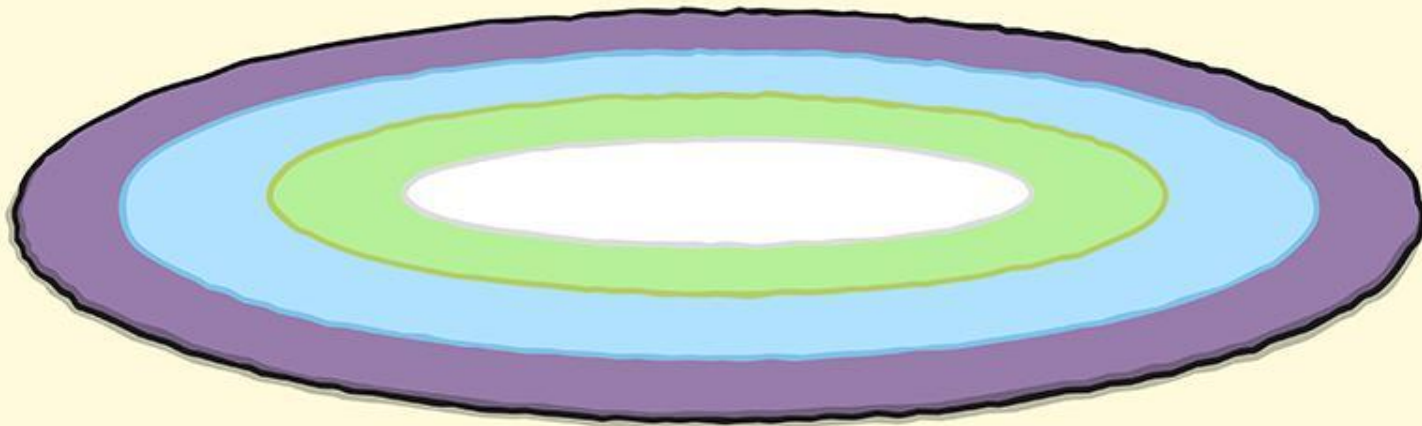


Using the Suffixes -ing, -ed, -er and -est



Learning Intentions

- To use the suffixes -ing, -ed, -er and -est.



What Is a Suffix?

A **suffix** is a group of letters that can be added on to the end of a **root** word to slightly change its meaning.

e.g. **walking**

'walk' is the root word

'ing' is the suffix

The Suffix 'ing'

The suffix '**ing**' is added to the end of verbs to show that something is happening in the present, for example:

I kick the ball.

I am kicking the ball.



The Suffix 'ing'

Can you add 'ing' to these words and then write them in a sentence?

e.g. I am walking to the shops.

stick

pick

pour

sing

play

say

The Suffix 'ed'

The suffix 'ed' is added to the end of verbs to show that something has already happened, for example:

We play in the sand.

We played in the sand.



The Suffix 'ed'

Can you add 'ed' to these words, then put them in a sentence?

e.g. Walk - I **walked** to the shops

lick

listen

watch

bang

kick

sprint

The Suffix 'er'

The suffix 'er' is added to the end of adjectives to compare two things, for example:

small

The girl was smaller than the boy.



The Suffix 'er'

Can you add 'er' to these words and then write them in a sentence?

e.g. loud – The children were **louder** than their teacher.

hard

quick

bright

dark

high

deep

The Suffix 'est'

The suffix '**est**' can be added to the end of adjectives to compare three or more things, for example:

cold

Thursday was the coldest day of the week.



The Suffix 'est'

Can you add '**est**' to these words and then write them in a sentence?

e.g. loud – Simon was the loudest in the class.

hard

quick

bright

dark

high

deep

